

## D.5 - Exponential/Logarithmic Modeling and Applications

### Exponential Model:

$$y = a(1 \pm r)^t$$

$y$  = the amount after  $t$  time       $a$  = the initial amount  
 $t$  = time gone by       $r$  = the rate of growth (+) or decay (-)

### Half-Life Model:

$$y = a(0.5)^{\frac{t}{k}}$$

$y$  = the amount after  $t$  time       $a$  = the initial amount  
 $t$  = time gone by       $k$  = the half-life time

### Continuous Compound Interest Model/Alternate exponential model:

$$y = P \cdot e^{rt}$$

$y$  = the amount after  $t$  time       $P$  = the initial (principal) amount  
 $t$  = time gone by       $r$  = interest rate

Feb 25-8:04 AM

Write an exponential model for this situation and solve.

In Titusville, FL there were 43,581 people in 2005. Since 2005, the population has been steadily decreasing at a rate of about 1.1% per year. If this trend continued, what will be the expected population in 2030? (Round to the nearest person)

$$y = ? \quad y = 43581(1 - .011)^{25}$$

$$a = 43581$$

$$t = 25$$

$$r = .011$$

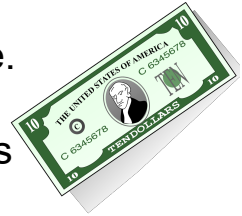
$$y = 33,053 \text{ people}$$



Feb 25-8:16 AM

Write an exponential model for this situation and solve.

Bobby has \$9220.52 in his bank account after 6 years of his principal investment being compounded continuously at 3.5%. What was the value of his initial investment? (Round your answer to the nearest cent.)



$$y = 9220.52$$

$$P = ?$$

$$t = 6$$

$$r = .035$$

$$9220.52 = P \cdot e^{(.035 \cdot 6)}$$

$$\frac{9220.52}{e^{(.035 \cdot 6)}} = \frac{P \cdot e^{(.035 \cdot 6)}}{e^{(.035 \cdot 6)}}$$

$$P = \$7474.01$$

Feb 25-8:20 AM

Write an exponential model for this situation and solve.

A certain population of foreign fish in a lake has been steadily increasing at a rate of 13% each year. Initially it is estimated that 125 of these fish were introduced to the lake. In how many years will it take for this population to reach over 10,000? (Round to the nearest tenth)



$$y = 10,000$$

$$a = 125$$

$$t = ?$$

$$r = .13$$

$$y = a(1+r)^t$$

$$\frac{10000}{125} = \frac{125(1+.13)^t}{125}$$

$$80 = (1.13)^t$$

$$\frac{\log(80)}{\log(1.13)} = t$$

$$t \approx 35.9 \text{ yrs}$$

Feb 25-8:26 AM

Write an exponential model for this situation and solve.



Find at what percent rate a principal investment of \$125,000 will become one million dollars if it is compounded continuously for 20 years. (Round your answer to the nearest ten-thousandth percent)

$$y = 1,000,000$$

$$P = 125,000$$

$$r = ?$$

$$t = 20$$

$$y = P \cdot e^{rt}$$

$$\frac{1,000,000}{125,000} = \frac{125,000}{125,000} \cdot e^{20r}$$

$$8 = e^{20r}$$

$$\ln(8) = \ln(e^{20r})$$

$$\frac{\ln(8)}{20} = \frac{20r}{20}$$

$$r = 0.103972077$$

$$\times 100$$

10.3972 %

Feb 25-8:47 AM

Write an exponential model for this situation and solve.

An official is testing a tennis ball's integrity. She drops the ball from a height of 5 feet. Its rebound was approximately 36 inches on the first bounce and 21.6 inches on the second. What exponential function would model this tennis ball's bounce?

→ 5 × 12 in. → 60 in.

$$y = 60(1 - 0.4)^x$$

$$r = 0.4$$

$$y = 60(0.6)^x$$

$$r = \frac{60 - 36}{60} = 0.4$$

Feb 25-8:33 AM

**Homework (I WILL BE CHECKING TOMORROW!!!)**

I. 7-1: p.439: 26 - 30 all, 42, 44, 46

II. 7-2: p.447: 6, 28 - 32 all, 36, 37, 44, 49

III. 7-5: p. 473: 31, 82

IV. 7-6: p. 482: 53, 66

Mar 13-12:22 PM