

D.5 - Day 3 - Log/Exponential Models and Applications**Ex.**

1.) Get the number with the exponent by itself.

$$\frac{20000}{5000} = \frac{5000(1 + .03)^x}{5000}$$

2.) Take the log of both sides of equation.

$$\log 4 = \log 1.03^x$$

3.) The Power Prop. allows the exponent to move in front of log.

$$\log 4 = x \log 1.03$$

4.) To solve for x, divide both sides by log (1.03). Use calculator!

$$\frac{\log (4)}{\log (1.03)} = \frac{x \log (1.03)}{\log (1.03)}$$

$$46.9 = x$$

May 14-8:12 AM

Ex.1 Write an exponential model for the situation and solve.

A certain population of foreign fish in a lake has been steadily increasing at a rate of 13% each year. Initially it is estimated that 125 of these fish were introduced to the lake. In how many years will it take for this population to reach over 10,000? (Round to the nearest tenth)

$$y = a(1 \pm r)^t$$

$$\frac{10000}{125} = \frac{125(1+.13)^t}{125}$$

$$r = .13$$

$$80 = 1.13^t$$

$$a = 125$$

$$\log(80) = \log(1.13)^t$$

$$t = ?$$

$$\frac{\log(80)}{\log(1.13)} = \frac{t \cdot \log(1.13)}{\log(1.13)}$$

$$y = 10,000$$

$$t = 35.9 \text{ yrs.}$$

May 14-8:34 AM

Ex.2 Write an exponential model for the situation and solve.

In the city of Decatur, IL the population has been steadily decreasing for years at about a rate of 2.75%. In 2015 the population is 60,000 people. Find how many years it will take for Decatur's population to reach below 42,000 people. Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= 60,000 & \frac{42000}{60000} &= \frac{60000}{60000} (1 - .0275)^t \\
 r &= .0275 & & \\
 t &= ? & 0.7 &= 0.9725^t \\
 y &= 42,000 & \frac{\log(0.7)}{\log(0.9725)} &= t \\
 & & \boxed{t = 12.8 \text{ yrs.}} &
 \end{aligned}$$

May 14-8:32 AM

Ex.3 Write an exponential model for the situation and solve.

A scientist notes that the bacteria count in a petrie dish is 50. The number of bacteria double every hour. How long until 1,000,000 bacteria are present?

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= 1,000,000 & \frac{1000000}{50} &= \frac{50}{50} (1+1)^t \\
 r &= 1 & & \\
 t &= ? & 20000 &= 2^t \\
 a &= 50 & \frac{\log(20000)}{\log(2)} &= t \\
 & & \boxed{t = 14.3 \text{ hours}} &
 \end{aligned}$$

→ 100% growth

May 14-8:34 AM